APPENDIX

### ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INC. (OAAU)

On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "Human Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent ciril rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

Malcolm X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On February 28, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum dated July 24, 1969, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

On April 24, 1969, advised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, and who worked with "Experiment In Self Reliance," Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro, North Carolina, concerning BPP matters.

determined they made plans to affiliate Black Panthers at Greensbore with the militant individuals in Winston-Salem, so that they may more easily raise the \$300 for the charter from California.

on April 28, 1969, advised that a BPP sponsored party had recently been held at the Negro American Legion Fost in Winston-Salem. THURMOND DUBOISE and FARRY TYSON gave the party and sold mixed drinks specifically to assist in raising the \$300 for the charter from California.

On April 29, 1969, reported there had been a meeting the previous evening at 7:30 P. M., at Winston-Salem however, Black Panther members were involved (())

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On June 2, 1969, advised that on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of the last several weeks, two out-of-town Black Panthers known only as KENYATA (phonetic) and MATISE (phonetic) were in Winston-Salem selling the Black Panther newspaper.

CE T-11 has reported that NATHANIEL SHELF, also known as NATE, is a member of the BPP group at Winston-Salem, North Carolina /(/)

On June 16, 1969, reported that NATHANIEL SHELF, also known as NATE, had been observed selling the BPP newspaper in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. determined from SHELF that the papers were obtained at the "Cultural Exchange" on Northwest Boulevard, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and that when SHELF was through selling newspapers, he was to return the money to the man who ran the Cultural Exchange. also reported that while at the Cultural Exchange, the person identified as CLARENCE WALKER was observed wearing a Black Panther type shirt and claimed to be a Black Panther.

Or reported that THURMOND DUBOISE was at the first organizational meeting of the BPP held at the House of Commons in Winston-Salem, North Carolina

of approximately fifteen individuals who appear to be members of the BPP in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, one of which is an individual known as NATE.

Attached as an appendix of this memorandum is a characterization of the BPP.

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### APPENDIX

### BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966; in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of gums and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "... we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" reguarly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



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### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

On February 6, 1969, advised that on February 5, 1969, students of A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina, took over the Administration Building starting about 1:00 or 2:00 P.M. About 11:00 P.M., NUNDING, Black Panther leader in Greensboro, came over and started speaking to the students on the main floor. NUNDING wanted the group to stay on in the building and offered Black Panther help, but he did not seem to get too much response from the people. According to NUNDING is also known as HAROLD AVENT. NUNDING made the statement that he was from New York and that he was a Black Panther Party man and that the Black Panthers could help the students. ERIC BROWN, Black Panther Party member, was seen in the Administration Building and had a transistor radio listening to news broadcasts.

advised that observation of 315 West Camel Street revealed that eight or ten cars seemed to come and go to that address, which is the residence of NELSON JOHNSON. None of the people could be recognized, however, by about 11:00 or 12 midnight, most of the crowd seemed to have dispersed.

ROBERT HEARNES, who runs the College Drive-In, East Market Street, said that a number of the Black Panther Party members were hanging around his place.

HEARNES is definitely a member of the Black Panther Party.

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### BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

It is noted that during the period has reported ROBERT LEE HEARNES, who operates the College Drive-In on East Market Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, as a member of the Black Panther Party,

On February 6, 1969,

advised that during the sit-in conducted at A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina, on February 5, 1969, an individual claiming to be a Black Panther Party member addressed the students involved in the sit-in urging them to continue.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

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## APPENDIX

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## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

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Greenshoro, North Carolina. This was a BPP meeting and "NADINE" was telling the about what the white

man has done and is doing to the black man. Persons

recognized as being present were

NEISON JOHNSON made the statement that the Black Panthers had gotten organized in Dudley High School, A and T College, Page Righ School, and Smith High School, claiming the Panthers have two hundred sympathizers at Dudley High School who would be ready to move an signal from the Panther leaders. WALTER PRAME made the statement that he was a Panther and said, "After all his draft appeals are exhausted, he would tell the board simply that the Black Panther Constitution forbids him to fight any wars anywhere for anybody except which the Panthers sauction, goodnight."

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NELSON JOHNSON made the statement that he was watching anyone who happens to drop by because, if anyone comes to him and tries to get him involved in any kind of plot with dynamite before the Panther Headquarters say the time is right, that he will tell them it is their thing and they should go ahead and do it because it could be a police trap.

reported that on

Greensboro,

North Carolina. NADINE or NUNDING was the principal speaker and gave a lecture which was a repetition of facts from Chairman MAO TSE-TUNG with about present. It appeared that at least five or six or those present were undoubtedly high school children. Also present were

advised that on February 18, 1989, a meeting sponsored by the BPP was held in Hodgin Hall on the A and T State University campus with about 35 or 40 Negro males and females in attendance. Those in attendance represented a number of schools and recognized were

The discussion at this meeting concerned a memorial ceremory for MALCOLM X on February 22, 1969, where they wanted to remove the American flag at Windsor Community Center and replace it with a black flag with a red "X" on it.

reported that on the afternoon of February 22, 1969, about 250 to 306 Negrocs assembled at the Windsor Community Center where they held a memorial ceremony for MALCOLM X. WALTER BRAME introduced CECIL HOUSON, who gave a speech concerning MALCOLM X; and Pauthers recognized at the ceremony were NULSON JOHNSON, WALTER BRAME, NUNDING, CECIL ROUSON, and ROBERT HEARNES.

concerned.

HEARNES made the statement that his drive-in restaurant on East Market Street was more or less Black Panther Party Headquarters and invited everyone to come and hang out there. NELSON JOHNSON was scared that he might do something that would get him kicked out of school, noting he attends A and T-State University, and prevailed upon the crowd present not to raise the black flag at the Windsor Community Center, which is Greensboro, North Carolina, city property. But instead the group walked to the Bennett College campus where they lowered the American flag and raised the black flag at the end of their MALCOLM X commemoration ceremony.

It was learned that another group of Black Panthers was also meeting at North Carolina, and that Numbing has not returned from his trip to New York. Without the leadership of NUNDING, there does not seem to be much organization as far as the Black Panthers are

is a new Black Panther Party member at Greensboro, North Carolina, who is supposedly from South Carolina.

It was determined NUNDING has discussed the fact that, after he left Greensboro, North Carolina, on February 26, 1969, and went to New York, he had been in New York, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, and also claimed he had been in Oregon and Gakland, California, and back to Connecticut before coming back to Greensboro. NUNDING claims that he has been offered a teaching job in Connecticut but stated that he would be in Greensboro at least three or four months. NUNDING recently made the state ment that North Carolina and the South particularly are

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effective areas for the BPP to organize and said that the area around Greensboro is going to be a "power base" since the Negroes there are really treated much better than they are in New York and the northern part of the country. ()

advised that there was

WALTER BRAME discussed a meeting to be held on March 25, 1969, at the Hayes Taylor YMCA where members of the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission had been urged to be present. BRAME said that they were going to take up some of the housing problems of the poor Negroes in Greensboro and desired BPP members present. BRAME was somewhat suspicious of NUNDING and claims he has found out that NUNDING is not really a member of the BPP from New York as he has claimed in the past.

reported that on March 25, 1959, a meeting was held at the Hayes Taylor YMCA, East Market Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, attended by about 300 to 400 people which included at least 35 to 40 BPP members. Those in charge of the meeting were WALTER ERAME and NELSON JOHNSON, with only one member of the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission showing up. After the meeting was over, WALTER BRAME said that in a few more days there would be more Black Panther Party members coming to Greensboro. BRAME indicated that NUNDING and ERIC BROWN are the ones who are pushing the administration at A and T State University to come out with a public statement condemning the police department for firing at students at A and T State University on March 14, 1969.

reported that there is dissension between NUNDING and WALTER BRAME. BRAME claims that he is the official leader of the BPP in Greensboro, although NUNDING has claimed that he is the leader. Some

dy.

of the militants in Greensboro do not trust NUNDING since they believe that he is a phony. WALTER BRAME has said that he had made some checks in New York and that neither NUNDING or ERIC BROWN are as big members of the BPP in New York as they claim to be.

made a statement that he is glad that is in jail since was an informant for either the FBI or the local police. ERAME indicated that he is making an effort to take over all of the BPP leadership from NUMDING, whose true name has been determined to be HAROLD AVENT.

On reported that on a Black Panther political meeting was held Greensboro, North Carolina.

old recordings of speeches by MALCOLM X, and the group discussed them analyzing the political situation. It was determined that W. E. M. BRYANT, JR., has opened a Black-African store on the corner of Market and Benbow Road in Greensboro and calls his place the "House of Umivesimoja." This is supposed to be an African term; and ERYANT bas artifacts, publications, books, and African regalia for (4) sale.

on reported that on it was determined that HAROLD AVENT, also known as NUNDING, had left Greensboro; and no one seems to think he will return. A group met to discuss the future direction of the BPP activity at Greensbord.

advised that WALTER BRAME bas made the statement that he has written a letter to Cincinnati, Ohio, where PAUL GEZON, former head of the Office of Economic Opportunity in Greensboro, is moving. He said that he was writing to tell the Black Panthers in Circinnati not to deal with GEZON as the Panthers in Greensboro did not like GEZON or his work.

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reported that on April 15, 1069, the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission was holding its meeting in the City Council Chamber in Greensboro. About 20 to 25 Panthers showed up at the meeting with WALTER BRAME rampodding the group.



According to the there was no indication that HOWARD IAMAR FULLER was a member of the BPP; however, he was sympathetic to the philosophy and comments of the BPP members who were present at the meeting.

According to CHICO NEBLETT said that NUNDING claimed that he had joined the BPP; but actually the BPP had closed its membership prior to the time that NUNDING had said that he had become a member. CHICO stated that he had been hearing about NUNDING in the South, and several weeks ago NUNDING had

this matter straight about his so-called membership in the BPP.

W. M. M. PRYANT Indicated that a high-ranking person in the BPP organization, and been in Greensboro on in discussions with and had cleared with concerning Black Fanthers from Greensboro going to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, on to hold a rally.

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

some two hundred people were coming to Greensboro over the weekend and these were militants from all over the country. said that the group was going to be carrying weapons while in Greensboro so they could get accustomed to carrying guns and feel what it is like to have a rifle or shotgun in their hands.

a group of some 100 to 150 Negro males and females met at Hodgin Hall, A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina. There were 14 individuals who were introduced to the crowd as having come from Cornell University. This was determined to be a meeting of the "Student Organization for Black Unity (SOEU)."

and a few other individuals recognized as BPP members were present at this meeting. 4

PRYANT'S book store is now the center for black militant activity in Greensboro, North Carolina. BRYANT sells mainly paperback books and hardback books about MALCOLM X, the Muslims, and so forth. The only BPP publication he is the Black Panther Newspaper.

on reported that the situation at Dudley High School is tense and that people are upset in view of the talk spread by the black militants as if the police are trying to harass the sympathizers of CLAUDE BARNES, a member of the BPP who was refused permission by school officials to run for a student body office.

reported that A. D. HOPKINS, a reporter for the Greensboro Record, a daily Greensboro, Worth Carolina, newspaper, contacted CECIL ROUSON and wanted to write up something about the BPP. ROUSON talked to a

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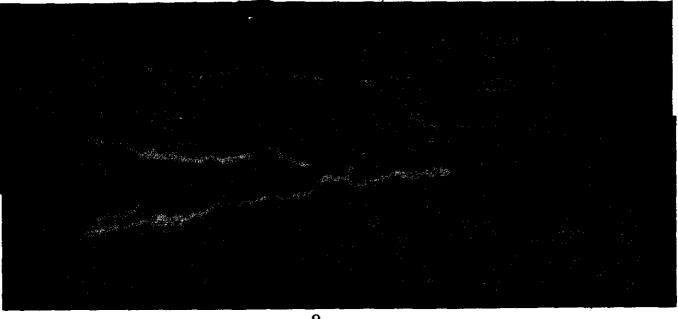
number of the BPP members, and they said they were not going to even talk to any white man. W. E. M. BRYANT, JR., agreed to talk with HOPKINS.(1)

reported that on the evening of May 16, 1969, beginning at about 6:30 P. M., a mass meeting was held at the Shiloh Church on Asheboro Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, to discuss the Dudley High School situation. Recognized as present were BPP members

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reported that on May 21, 1969, there were pickets on Lincoln Street in front of Dudley High School, Greensboro; and at the same time a group of some 5,100 students gathered in Nocho Park near Dudley High School. Recognized talking to the group were

of the EPP, Greensboro. After the group fistened to the speeches, they started heading back to Dudley High School with violence erupting thereafter and students throwing rocks and bottles at police and breaking out windows in one of the buildings.(M



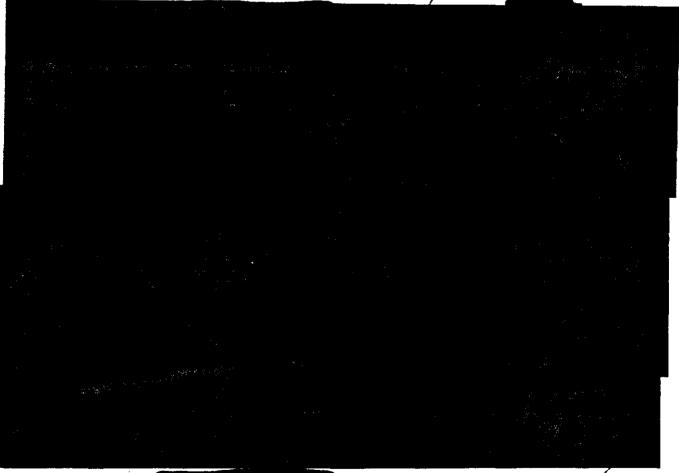
it was determined that

has been artending

meetings of a legitimate group meeting in the

BRAD (LAST NAME UNKNOWN)

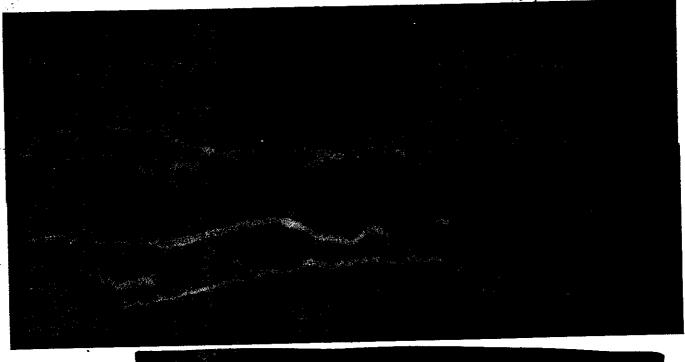
has been determined to be BRAD BELCHER.



"Feoples Houses" in Greensboro, North Carolina. Peoples
House Number 1 is 315 West Camel Street, the home of NELSON
JOHNSON. Peoples House Number 2 is the residence of TRACY
LIGHTOWFR at 108 Durham Street, Greensboro, North Carolina.
Peoples House Number 3 is 317 Beech Street, the home of ERIC

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reported that two A and T State University students were overheard talking at W. E. M. BRYANT's store; however, their identities were not known. was the man who directed the They said that operation of the shooting at police on the night of May 22, 1969, at Scott Hall on A and T State University. These directed some of the students claimed that students to sneak out onto the campus causing the police to be drawn down Luther Street to the dead end where the crossfire for the campus was directed against the police and they were injured. It is not known whether this is true but was the opinion expressed by these two students. was also said that most of the guns were taken out of Scott Hall between 4:00 and 4:30 A. M. on May 23, 1969, prior to the time the National Guard swept the campus. (1)1



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reeting of the BPP was held

NUNDING insisted that NEWTON was unjustly shot and said that it was a typical example of the injustice that Negroes have to put up with when they are dealing with white cohorts. During the meeting, NUNDING listed the executives of the BPP as Minister of Defense HUEY P. NEWTON, Minister of Information ELPRIDGE CLEAVER, Prime Minister STOKELY CARMICHAEL, Chairman BOBBY SEALS. He gave main offices of the EPP as 4421 Grove Street, Oakland, California, with mailing address of Post Office Box 8641, Emoryville Branch, Oakland, California.///

there was a regularly scheduled meeting of the BPP



Tebruary 21, 1969, memorial ceremonies for MALCOLM X were held at the Windsor Community Center, Greensboro, North Carolina. One of the speakers was CECIL ROUSON, a former bodyguard of MALCOLM X. HAROLD AVENT also spoke and said that police officers observing the ceremony were a bunch of pigs, urging all Negroes to get a "piece," meaning a gun, and use it when necessary ((/))

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AVENT had returned to New York and was to return to Greensboro, North Carolina, at a later date. According to AVENT did not return to Greensboro 1969; and during this period, no actual meetings were neld (())

advised that a representative from Oakland, California, was in Greensboro, North Carolina, trying to get the BPP organized. stated that, when they get the BPP together and not in various small groups as it is now, he was going to make Greensboro pay for what it did to him when he was arrested in connection with the robbery of Sid's Curb Market. admitted that he robbed the man and stated he was mad for having been put in jail under high bond.

Main Street, Durham, North Carolina, advised a Special Agent of the FBI that HOWARD L. FULLER, who acts as director of training in community organization for the Foundation for Community Development, had made arrangements and brought CHICO NEBLETT to teach and speak for one day at the MALCOLM X Liberation University during April, 1969. However, he, did not hear NEBLETT speak. advised that he was not aware of the existence of any BPT in Durham, North Carolina; although, according to his information, CHICO NEBLETT is associated with the EPP.

CARVER GENE NEBLETT, also known as CHICO NEBLETT, has been publicly identified as the East Coast Field Marshal for the BLF.

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Attached as an appendix to this memorandum are characterizations of the Black Panther Party (BPP) and the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). Also attached is a characterization of the Organization of Afro-American Unity which contains background information regarding MALCOLM X LITTLE, also known as MALCOLM X.

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### APPENDIX

## STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE SNCC

The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that erupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNCC, the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus - the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, Stokely Garmichael was National Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1968, Carmichael resided in Washington, D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced by Hubert Geroid Brown, commonly known as H. Rap Brown, who served until June, 1968.

In June, 1968, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanships. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual.

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On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Mallroom, Broadway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "Human Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

Malcolm X was assessinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU raily at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On February 28, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum dated July 24, 1989, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the PBL. It is the property of the PBL and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina

and the state of t

July 24, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to. File No.

> BLACK PANTHER PARTY WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

reported that there On February 20, 1969, were apparent attempts by the Black Panther Party (BPP) members at Greensboro, North Carolina, to contact students at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, Winston-Salem, North Carolina. reported that HARRY KATYSON, a / a 174 Negro male A Pennsylvania, was the apparent leader of the students interested in becoming members of the BPP. (U)

reported that on

ERIC PATRICK BROWN, to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, a group of individuals at a place known as The House of Commons, which appears to be a neighborhood were in attendance and community center. BROWN indicated that all activity in the name of the BPP at Winston-Salem, with the exception of political edication classes, is to cease due to the fact no charter has been obtained from the BPP Headquarters. A portion of the meeting was taken up with ERIC BROWN having

advised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, who worked with "Experiment and Self Reliance", Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the

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GROUP 1 Excluded from automatic bas gribergaveb declassification

105-165706-8-5



RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro, North Carolina, concerning BPP matters.

however, has determined they made plans to affiliate Black Panthers at Greensboro with the militant individuals in Winston-Salem, so that they may more easily raise the \$300 for the charter from California.

the BPP at Greensboro traveled to Winston-Salem, North Carolina. The purpose was to collect money for bond and defense of who is in jail in Greensboro, North Carolina.

on advised that a BPP sponsored party had recently been held at the Negro American Legion Post in Winston-Salem. THURMOND DUBOISE and HARRY TYSON gave the party and sold mixed drinks specifically to assist in raising the \$300 for the charter from California.

on reported there had been a meeting the previous evening at 7:30 p.m., at Winston-Salem, however, Black Panther members were involved.

On ERIC BROWN had indicated that three or four members of the BPP at Greensboro were going to Winston-Salem that date to hold a rally. Information was later received from that ERIC BROWN and three others did go to Winston-Salem, where a rally was held by the BPP. W. E. M. BRYANT, JR., stated that CHICO NEBLETT, the BPP leader for the East Coast, had been in Greensboro on Tuesday, April 22, 1969, and had given ERIC BROWN permission to have the rally at Winston-Salem.

On June 2, 1969, advised that on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of the last several weeks, two out-of-town Black Panthers known only as KENYATA (phonetic) and MATISE (phonetic) were in Winston-Salem selling the Black Panther newspaper.

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

GREER was apparently the head of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and WILLIAM RICE and JULIUS CORNELL are also members advised that THURMOND DUBOISE was at the first organization of the BPP held at the House of Commons, however, has had no contact with DUBOISE in view of the fact that GREER thinks the House of Commons is bugged and he and several others have been meeting at GREER's residence.

who appear to be members of the BPP. advised one of these individuals was known as NATE.

On June 16, 1969, reported that NATHANIEL SHELF, also known as NATE had been observed selling the BPP newspaper in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. determined from SHELF that the papers were obtained at the "Cultural Exchange" on Northwest Boulevard, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and that when SHELF was through selling newspapers, he was to return the money to the man who ran the Cultural Exchange. T-11 also reported that while at the Cultural Exchange, the person identified as CLARENCE WALKER was observed wearing a Black Panther type shirt and claimed to be a Black Panther

advised that on the Saturday before
the Black Panther unit in Winston-Salem had
had physical training at Paisley High School and the
Wednesday before that at Kennedy Junior High School.
stated there were approximately 20 members present, one of
whom was identified as JESSIE STITT. said that the
Secretary-Treasurer of the Winston-Salem group was NELSONMALLOY (1)

N.C.

Commence of the

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CONTIDENTAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

approximately 20 members of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, which group is not chartered or recognized by the National BPP organization.

The individuals previously mentioned in this memorandum are the known membership at Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

A STREET

by the

## CONFIDENTIAL

### BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Borkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Charlotte, North Carolina

July 24, 1969

Title BLACK PANTHER PARTY
WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

Character RACIAL MATTERS

Reference Memorandum at Charlotte, North Carolina, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

All sources except CE T-17 with whom insufficient contact has been had from which to judge his reliability.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

American Student Organization at Fayetteville State College, Fayetteville, North Carolina, was sponsoring a "Black Political Education Program" during the week of April 21-25, 1969. Listed as speakers for the program are CHICO NEBLETT, East Coast Field Marshal of the Black Panther Party (BPP), and KOKO HUGHES, Central Coordinator of the Black Panther Party.

Coordinator of the Black Panther Party.

Advised other scheduled speakers during the week would be Q. T. JACKSON, Vice President of the Student Government of Howard University, Washington, District of Columbia, and J. T. MC QUEEN, President of the Black Student Union, George Washington University, Washington, District of Columbia.

advised that JAMES GARRETT, Head of the Black Studies Department, Federal City College, Washington, District of Columbia, and PAUL MONROE, Acting Chairman of the Black Student Union Alliance, Washington, District of Columbia, DON L. LEE, Cornell University, and CLEVELAND SELLERS, Instructor in Black Ideology at Cornell University, are scheduled to appear as speakers during the program and workshops

advised the purpose of the program is to emphasize the need for political education in the black community and the implementation of "total liberation of the black people."

On advised the Black Political Education Program opened at 6:30 P.M. on April 21, 1969, with a

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## BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

meeting in the quadrangle of the dining hall on campus. The first speaker was CHICO NEBLETT who outlined the policies of the Black Panther Party and made the following quotes:

"We Black Panthers do not advocate war, we don't talk of hating honkies but of an undying love for ourselves and our people."  $(\nu)$ 

"We black have been robbed by the white of our money, housing, food, culture and identity. We have been raped and robbed of our humanity so systematically that we don't even realize it."

advised after the opening speech by NEBLETT before approximately three hundred people, that a workshop was held, attended by about ninety persons, in which NEBLETT talked about the "white man has robbed the Indians, Negroes, Africans, and have created germicide, but yet the white call us blacks violent." NEBLETT again stated the Black Panthers do not advocate violence or war, and the only reason for carrying guns was to protect themselves from the impulsive "white fool." NEBLETT explained the Black Panther Party Ten Point Plan and said the greatest of the points was to "free all black prisoners," and for "black men to be exempt from the military service." stated in essence NEBLETT was saying that the only way to dear with the white man was through violence because that is the only thing the white man understands.

in his talks but did speak with a very militant tone and stressed militancy throughout his talks. The students did not appear too interested in the Black Panther Party, and no application or inference was made for the students to join the party. During the workshop, stated the students continuously inquired of NEBLETT the reason for the Black Panther Party, their aims, purposes, and just how students would be helpful to the party. The Black Panther Party talks by NEBLETT did not appear to influence the students and there was very little support or encouragement for the party at the workshop. It was apparent that CHICO was not too enthused with the reception of the students.

stated KOKO HUGHES talked a very short time with the women, stressing the importance of the black woman in the black community and in society today. She told the women that they should improve their image, change their hair style to Afro, wear the right type of clothing and to become African and believe in the Black awareness. (())

advised that KOKO HUGHES reportedly was leaving Fayetteville either the evening of April 21, 1969, or April 22, 1969.

observed CHICO driving a 1967-69 Corvette Stingray, dark beige in color, bearing New York license, number unknown.

did not know how long CHICO would remain on campus.

on advised that the scheduled speakers, Q. T. JACKSON and J. T. MC QUEEN, both failed to appear at the college and did not speak, therefore, the programs for April 22, 1969, and April 23, 1969, were not conducted. Stated a play, "Halleluiah, Baby," was being presented on campus on Thursday and Friday, April 24 and 25, 1969, as part of the program.

On advised no other workshops in connection with the Black Political Education Program were held inasmuch as the scheduled speakers failed to appear for the program. Stated the play will be held on April 25, 1969, which will close the program. Stated the program was very loosely organized and was considered a failure as none of the scheduled speakers, except CHICO and KOKO appeared. Stated that the talks by the Black Panthers did not appear to be overly impressive to the students and through inquiry he was unable to obtain any information that the Black Panther Party has any support on the campus.

CARVER GENE NEBLETT, also known as CHICO, and DOROTHY JEAN MC QUEEN HUGHES, also known as KOKO, as being identical to the two speakers on April 21, 1969.

Characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

#### BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

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The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

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Memorandum at Charlotte, North Carolina, dated and captioned

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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

On reported that ROBERT GREER was apparently the head of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and WILLIAM RICE and JULIUS CORNELL are also members. advised that THURMOND DUBOISE was at the first organization of the BPP held at the House of Commons, however, has had no contact with DUBOISE in view of the fact that GREER thinks the House of Commons is bugged and he and several others have been meeting at GREER's residence

On reported that there are approximately 20 members of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, which group is not chartered or recognized by the National BPP organization.

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

had physical training at Paisley High School and the Wednesday before that at Kennedy Junior High School.

stated there were approximately 20 members present, one of whom was identified as JESSIE STITT.

said that the Secretary-Treasurer of the Winston-Salem group was NELSON MALLOY.

advised he knew of approximately 15 individuals who appear to be members of the BPP. advised one of these individuals was known as NATE  $\{U\}$ 

On April 24, 1969, dvised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers

College; and who worked with the "Experiment in Self Reliance", Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro, North Carolina, concerning BPP matters

Attached is a characterization of the BPP

#### APPENDIX

#### BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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CONFIDENTIAL



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Charlotte, North Carolina
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SPIRIT T. AS THE CHARLOTTE, ECRTH CAROLINA, JULY BLEVEN WINST

SINTYFI E, ACL VIETNAM WAR, IS SAS MISCELLAMEGUS, VIDEN.

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ADVISED TODAY THAT MEMBERS OF THE STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC
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A "POSTER PARTY" ON FIGHT OF JULY TEN MINETERN SIXTYMINE TO PREPARE PICART SIGNS, WHICH ARE TO BE AGAINST THE VIETNAM WAR AND TO INDICATE THAT WHILE A GROUP OF HIGH RANKING POLITICIANS THE HAVING A BANQUET, POOR IN UNITED STATES ARE TO GO HUNGRY.

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HOWEVER TO MAKE ONE TO TWO THOUSAND PERSONS FOR THE DEMONSTRATION HOWEVER WITH THE DEMONSTRATION PLANNED TO BE PEACEFUL.

STORET SERVICE AND MILITARY INTELLIGENCE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED.

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LIAISON BEING MAIRTAINED WITH SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY

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AUTHORATES MAVING ASENTS DESCREETLY OBSERVE DEMONSTRATION

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	Detail 7 (02 (60)	
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	smit the following in(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via	ATRTEL	
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	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 8)	•
意	FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)	
	FROM: SECONDARY CONTRIBUTION (1)	
\.	BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) FOREIGN SUPPORT	
eri Sar	RM	
. 2		
1	Re Director's airtel to SAC, Albany and others	
DE	dated 7/16/69 enclosing a letter from Assistant Attorney	
4	General, Criminal Division, requesting data concerning foreign support of the BPP Organization.	
•		
	A review of Charlotte files failed to develop	
-5.	any indication that BPP members within N. C. have received or requested assistance from a foreign Government, its	ė
-	representatives or foreign political organizations	٠.
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🍕 i y Date: 🛒 7/18/69 % ...

(Priority)

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 8)

The second second second second FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171)

SUBJECT BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Re Bureau airtel 6/24/69, captioned "DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMANTS IN THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY, RM."

Review of page 7 of the 3/9/69 issue of the "Black Panther" fails to reflect that any of the individuals mentioned thereon as having been expelled from the Black Panther Party as residing within the Charlotte Division.

As the Bureau is aware, there is no actual chartered organization of the Black Panther Party within the -Charlotte Division and the only actual member of the Black Panther Party within the Charlotte Division, considered a renegade by the national headquarters is JOSE RENE GONZALVEZ.

Agents handling investigation of the Black Panther Party within North Carolina are all aware of the need for the information and informant coverage within the Black Panther Party and have been made aware of the fact that immediate interviews of persons determined to be out of favor with the leaders of their individual groups must be conducted on a Supervisory personnel responsible for the timely basis. handling of investigations within the Black Panther Party are also alert to the necessity of interviewing Black Panther Party ddissidents and those out of favor and where not immediately conducted by the individual, case agents are instructed to do so by the supervisory staff;

Bureau

San Francisco (Info.)

Charlotte:

Date: 7/15/69 AIRTEL (Type in plaintext or code) AIR MAIL (REGISTERED) DIRECTOR, EBI (105-165706 Sub. 8) SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-2861) (P) SUBJECT: OBLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE DIVISION RM - BPP identify himself other than to say he was from Greensboro, North Carolina, Contacted the BPP National Distribution Office in SF, Calif , advising that, even though there is no recognized and the hand a group that would like BPP Chapter in North Carolina, he has a group that would like to attend the National Conference For A United Front Against to attend the National Conference For A group that would like Fascism sponsored by the BPP in Oakland, Califf on Against Califf on his group that The caller did not further identify himself or his group, but it was indicated through source that the caller has an unofficial The caller was told that he and his associates are walcome to attend the conference and BPP National Headquarters will find a place for them to stay. sidentified himself as North Carolina, contacted BPP National Distribution Office, SF, North Carolina, contacted BPP National Distribution Office, or, requesting information concerning the National Conference For A advised that he is going United Front Against Fascism. United front Against Fascism.

to try to attend this conference at which time he will discuss the distribution of wrhe Riacks. Shaw Univeristy, Raleigh, with Bpp National Headquarters the distribution of "The Black" Panther" Newspaper in North Carolina. REC-52/05-165706-8 187-3872) (NCUFAF) 157-2872) (ORGANIZATION) 157-1969 (TRAVEL) JUL 18 1969

FD-36 (Re. 4 .64)

SF 157-2861

advised that on 7/14/69 an unidentified male contacted BPP National Headquarters advising that seven individuals will attend the conference in Oakland and will arrive in Oakland about 7/17/69. These individuals were not further identified either by name or organization; and therefore, it was not possible to determine if these were the same individuals mentioned above as being the group from Greensboro. North Carolina.

also advised that on 7/14/69 an individual who identified himself only as of Greensboro, North Carolina, contacted BPP National Headquarters stating that he planned to attend the National Conference in Oakland accompanied by an individual named NIXON. He said he and NIXON will depart Greensboro on 7/14/69 en route to Oakland. Likewise and NIXON were not further identified.

Charlotte Division to assist in identifying BPP Organizations, members, and sympathizers and determining the activity thereof

affiliated with black or white militant goups who will attend the National Conference For A United Front Against Fascism in Oakland, Calif. on 7/18-21/69, SF should be so advised.

If any of the above information is disseminated outside the Bureau, it must be suitably paraphrased to protect this very sensitive source

#### FBI

Date: 5/28/69

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Idiisiiit	the following in	ode)
	AIRTEL	
ia	(Priority	
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706) ATTN: PHOTOGRAPHIC UNIT	RECEIVED DEVELOPED PRINTED ENLARGEMENTS 123-3245-611346
	FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)	COPIED 41 Lots retirego 4/12/09 2/12/09
	BLACK PANTHER PARTY	ack. Trick Sec.
	Enclosed for the Bureau is or received 5/28/69 from	one spool of film 6-16-67
	The film which is in color describe themselves as members of party (BPP) at an organizational rally Charlotte.	on 5/24/69 at
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To White House, AG, Secret Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, II OSI, DIA, by tel 7-19-11.

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LE JOU DE SELD

United States Attorney Charlotte, North Carolina July 10, 1969

WIR: JEBosenberg:daw 145-12-1320

William D. Ruckelshaus
Assistant Attorney Ceneral, Civil Division
By: Harland F. Leathers, Chief
General Litigation Section
Ben Chavis, et al. v. J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al.
Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.).

Your letter to the Criminal Division of this Department of June 9, 1969 has been referred to this office for reply.

Plaintiffs in the captioned action are numerous Negro sympathizers with the Black Fanther movement in Unarlotte, North Carolins. The defendants are local and State police and other employees and Federal employees. The specifically named Federal employees are Stanley Noel, Special Agent (or Investigator) of the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Treasury Department, and Dean Parmann, Special Agent of the FBI. However, in addition to those specifically named Federal employees, the complaint included as defendants, under a "John Kilroy" alias, other Federal employees whose names are unknown to plaintiffs and who allegedly participated in the acts charged in the complaint.

The complaint is grounded on defendants' alleged invasion of plaintiffs' civil rights in connection with arrests, searches of premises and seizure of various articles of property. The principal relief sought from the defendants is money damage. However, the complaint also mays for an injunction against further harassment or intimidation of plaintiffs or from defendants' obtaining arrest or search warrants or executing the same except according to proper legal procedures.

You are authorized to represent the Treasury Department employees and the FDI employees, both those who are specifically named in the complaint and those who may be encompassed within the "John Kilroy" alias.

You should move to dismiss the complaint or for summery judgment as indicated below. However, since some time will doubtless be required in connection with obtaining the necessary information and preparing the motion papers, with supporting affidavits and memorandum of law, you should move for a suitable extension of time.

REC 16 105-165706-8-48

JUL 14 1969

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#### Claim for damages

The motion to dismiss or for summary judgment should be grounded on the doctrine of official immunity, vis., that the acts of the Federal defendants were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of those duties. Berr v. Mateo, 360 U.S. 564, 569, et seq. (1959); Holmes v. Eddy, 341 F.2d 477, 479-480 (4th Cir. 1965), cert. den., 382 U.S. 892; Norton v. NeShane, 332 F.2d 855 (5th Cir. 1964), cert. den., 380 U.S. 981; West v. Cerrett, 392 F.2d 543 (5th Cir. 1968). The motion should be supported by affidavits by each of the Federal defendants and by a higher level superior.

with respect to the Treasury Department defendants, we enclose herewith copies of signed statements by the specifically named defendant Stanley Noel as well as by John E. Wurtele, Owen D. Bean and Earl W. Blake. These statements reflect that all their acts were performed properly and legally and in the course of their official duties. You should utilize those statements as the framework for the affidavits to be executed and filed in support of the motion for summary judgment on behalf of the Treasury Department employees. However the affidavits by those Treasury Department defendants should expressly recite, by way of conclusion, that all their acts were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of those duties. The supporting affidavit by the higher level Treasury Department official should recite that he has read the affidavits of the Treasury defendants and that he concurs in their conclusion that all their acts were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of such duties.

Your memorandum of law in support of the motion to dismiss or for summary judgment should emphasize that the doctrine of official immunity has as its rationale not only the exomeration of Government officials and employees from a civil judgment for tort liability but also for relieving them of the burden and expense of going to trial in defense of acts performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of such duties. See Earr v. Matteo, 360 U.S. 564, 571 (1959); Tenney v. Brandhove, 341 U.S. 367, 377 (1951).

We have requested a report from the Director of the FBI with respect to the acts by the specifically named defendant, FBI Agent Dean Parmann, as well as his associates who may be encompassed within the "John Kilroy" alias in the complaint. Upon our receipt of such report we will forward the same to you in order that you may prepare the necessary affidavits by the FBI defendants and their superior along the lines indicated above for the affidavits by the Treasury Department defendants and their superior.

#### Claim for injunctive relief

With respect to the demand in the complaint for injunctive relief, you should move to dismiss on behalf of the Federal defendants on the ground that the action is in reality a suit against the United States to which it has not consented and of which the Court lacks jurisdiction.

Land v. Pollar, 330 U.S. 731, 738 (1947); Larson v. Domestic & Foreign Corp., 337 U.S. 682, 704 (1949); Dugan v. Rank, 372 U.S. 609, 620 (1963); Havoit v. Gordon, 373 U.S. 57, 58 (1963). The Supreme Court held in those cases that, notwithstanding that the nominal defendants are agencies or officials of the Government, the action is in reality against the United States if the judgment will interfere with the public administration or if the effect of the judgment would be to restrain the Government from acting or to compel it to act.

Flease forward to us copies of the papers filed herein and continue to keep us informed of developments.

#### Enclosures

ce: Treasury Department
Internal Revenue Service
Washington, D. C. 20224

Attention: Office of Chief Counsel (Your Ref: CC:ATF-9701 L:MJD)

cc: Director, FBI

INFORMATIVE NOTE July 2, 1969

Attached letter from Civil Division of Department mentions Agent of Charlotte Office named as defendant in civil complaint and requests facts in this matter and whether we desire U.S. Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, to represent Agent named in this matter.

Facts previously furnished to Assistant Attorneys General, Internal Security Division and Criminal Division by letters dated 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 and they were advised Charlotte Agent in no way involved in this matter which involved arrests and searches of premises by Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of Treasury Department.

Copies of above-mentioned letters 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 being furnished Civil Division by letter and it is being advised that facts in this case have been brought to the attention of U.S. Attorney in Charlotte and that we desire him to handle our interests in this case.

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COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

ITED STATES GO RNI. lemorandum Mr. J. Edger, Hoover Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation Miss Holmes Miss Gandy William D. Ruckelshaus Assistant Attorney General, Civil Divis Chavis, et al v. J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.) I forward herewith a copy of a civil complaint in the captioned action in which one of the named defendants is Special Agent Dean Parmann of the FBI, presumably stationed in or about Charlotte, North Carolina. The complaint charges Parmann, together with other named defendants, with violating plaintiffs' civil rights in connection with certain arrests, searches of premises and seizure of various articles of property. Under a "John Kilroy" alias, the complaint also includes as defendants other Federal enforcement agents or officials whose names are unknown to plaintiffs but who allegedly participated in the acts charged in the complaint I shall appreciate your furnishing me with a report of :5 800 the acts by Special Agent Parmann and his other associates incthe Bureau, if any, with respect to the matters charged. in the complaint. Please also advise me whether you and such individuals desire that they be represented by the United States Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, in the defense of the action. Enclosure 105-165706-8-46 56 JUL 241989

United States Attorney Charlotte, North Carolina

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William D. Brokelshave A Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division By: Regland F. Leathers, Chief General Litigation Section Ber Chavis, et al. v. J. C. Goodson, Jr., et al. Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.).

This supplements our montrendum to you of July 10, 2069, which we suggested the course of procedure to be followed in connection with your defense of the ceptioned action on behalf of the Federal defendants. The memorandum specifically discussed the substance of the efficients to be prepared in support of a motion for summary judgment.

We believe that it would be advisable for you to mimit a draft of the proposed affidewite for our exemination before then are executed and filed.

Thank you for your cooperation.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service Weshington, D. C. 20224

> Attention: Office of Chief Counsel (Your Ref: CC:ATF-9701 L:MJD)

Director, FBI

REC 16 8/20 5 15/6 5706 - 8-47

17 JUL 35 1934

June 16, 1960 Director, FBI (105-105706) Reference is made to your communication dated 5/22/62 negative(s) [] photograph(s) [] document(s) [] pertaining to the above-captioned matter. transmitting In accordance with your request [ ] film has been developed enlargement(s) made positive copy made ( | print(s) made []] slide(s) made XX negative(s) made Photostats made The above is [ | attached [7] being sent under separate cover, via [7] registered mail REA Express MAILED 24 JUN 1 6 1969 COMM-FBI Enc. 175 TAPA: smd in

3-574 (R v. 7-18-6

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Director, FBI

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTL, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS June 4, 196

1 - Mr. DeBruler (Division Six)

4

On May 28, 1969, Attorney at Law George S. Daly telephonically contacted the Charlotte, North Carolina, Division of this Bureau. Mr. Daly stated that he represents Michael Grant Laney and James Covington, who were recently arrested in a raid at their residence, 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, by the Charlotte Police Department. He related that after interviewing his clients and other witnesses he desired to lodge a complaint about the illegal search of the residence at 316 South Turner Street by the FBI and because this residence had been under constant surveillance.

Mr. Daly was informed that the arrests of his clients were not made by Special Agents of this Bureau and that public source information available indicated that the arrests were made by the Charlotte, North Carolina, Police Department and Special Agents of the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division. He was also informed that Special Agents of this Bureau did not participate in any manner in the search of the residence at 316 South Turner Street and that the search of the residence was actually conducted, according to newspaper accounts, by the Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division Agents in connection with the arrests which were made.

lir. Daly did not acknowledge the explanation farmished concerning the fact that the FBI was not involved in this matter nd instead said that he had been told by his clients that FBI yent L. Dean Paarmann had been a member of the raiding party

**U5-165706** 

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SÉE NOTE PAGE THREE

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Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

on the residence along with 40 other law enforcement officers. Mr. Daly added that within the next four to five days it is his intention to go into the U. S. District Court at Charlotte and obtain a temporary restraining order prohibiting law enforcement officers from harassing his clients.

Special Agent L. Dean Paarmann of this Bureau advised that he had not been a member of any raiding party at 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, on May 27, 1969, on which date Michael Grant Laney and James Covington were arrested by the Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Agents. Special Agent Paarmann also denied ever having entered this residence. Special Agent Paarmann also advised that he had not participated in a constant surveillance of this residence and had no knowledge that this residence was, in fact, under any constant surveillance. Special Agent Paarmann stated he had no knowledge that this residence was illegally searched at the time of the aforementioned raid.

Information appearing in the May 28, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte Observer," the May 28, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte News," and the May 29, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte Observer," described the events surrounding the arrests of Laney and Covington and that a raid had been conducted on the residence at 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, by officers connected with the Charlotte Police Department and the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Internal Revenue Service.

Special Agent Paarmann advised that at approximately 11 AM on May 28, 1969, he talked with Michael Laney and James Covington at the Mecklenburg County Jail after they had been arrested and incarcerated. The reason for interviewing these individuals was to obtain information concerning a possible violation of the Antiriot Laws in an official investigation

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

In this regard it is is wanted by the local concerning police at Charlotte, North Carolina, for an attempted armed robbery of a local cab driver which took place approximately one week earlier. This Bureau's interest in connection with a possible Antiriot Laws violation is not related to the armed robbery charge for which he is currently being sought by the Charlotte Police Department.

The information set forth above has been furnished

to the United States Attorney, Charlotte, North Carolina.

1 - Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

Information furnished by the Charlotte Division in an airtel dated 5/29/69. An informative note was prepared advising that a letter incorporating the allegations and denial of the allegations would be submitted to the Internal Security and Criminal Divisions of the Department.

⊗ Date:

Transmit the following in 

Type in plaintext or code)

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706)
SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

Marine Marine Contract of the State of the S BLACK PANTHER PARTY

RACIAL MATTERS

Re Knoxville teletype to Bureau dated 6/27/69.

advised his company was previously contacted by BOB LEWIS, who described himself as a vice president of Carrolene Company, 2611 Gordon Road, Northwest Atlanta, Georgia. After initial contact, an order was received from this company on 5/12/69 for 1,440 boys T-shirts and 6,000 men's T-shirts, color black. It was requested on this black T-shirt; be written in white letters "I'm black and I'm proud." Below that in brown and white is a likeness of JAMES BROWN and below that in brown letters the name JAMES BROWN. THe advised there had been some difficulty alling this order, as this company did not have a credit rating. He stated he preferred not to have the lettering done in his shop and planned to send these T-shirts to Southern Creators, 424 West Third Street, Charlotte, N. C., for the screen printing. He said he had been in telephonic conversation with R. O. CANNON, who was the president of Carrolene Company, who indicated this would be only a preliminary order and that they planned a high volume of sales of this T-shirt in various chain stores.

said he may discontinue working with this company due to their lack of a credit rating and the fact they seemed to have difficulty "getting together."

2> Bureau

2 - Atlanta

2,- Knoxville 6.4

DBM:rep/

Special Agent in Charge

Assistant Attorney General in Civil Division

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to your letter dated June 30, 1969, your file number 145-12-1320, entitled "Ben Chavis," et al v. J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.)."

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of letters dated June 4 and June 16, 1969, directed to the Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, which set forth the background information in this matter.

For your further information, this matter has been discussed with the United States Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, who has indicated that he will represent Special Agent Dean Paarmann in response to the summons served on Special Agent Paarmann.

The enclosures referred to in the June 16, 1969, letter were copies of the complaint and summons issued on June 6, 1969, in United States District Court, Western District of North Carolina, which are already in your possession. REC-5/05-165706-8

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Assistant Aftorney General Criminal Division

Charlotte (Enclosures - 3) SEE NOTE FOR CHARLOTTE PAGE TWO UECA USEE NOTE PAGE TWO

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5 JUL 10 1869

Assistant Attorney General Civil Division

### NOTE TO SAC, CHARLOTTE:

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of Bureau letters to the Department dated June 4 and June 16, 1969, which are self-explanatory. Also enclosed is one copy of departmental letter dated June 30, 1969.

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#### NOTE: 3

Informative note dated 7/2/69 advised that the Civil Division of the Department would be furnished copies of letters dated 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 which set forth background information concerning this civil action. A Special Agent of the Charlotte Office has been named as a codefendant in a civil complaint filed at Charlotte, North Carolina, by the Attorney for several individuals affiliated with the Black Panther Party in connection with their arrests and a search of the residence of one of the individuals. The Charlotte Office and the Special Agent named as a defendant played no role in this matter and the arrests and search were conducted by Special Agents of the Alcohol. Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Treasury Department in conjunction with the Charlotte Police Department.

## Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 SUB 8) TO

7/1/69 DATE:

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) REVOLUTIONARY CONVENTION 7/18-21/69 RACIAL MATTERS



Re Bureau letter to Albany dated 5/23/69; and San Francisco airtel to Bureau dated 6/10/69.

A canvass of Charlotte informants familiar with Black Panther Party affairs has failed to reveal anyone who is from North Carolina planning to attend captioned convention.

advised that the convention has been mentioned by persons at Charlotte, North Carolina; however, no one plans to attend due to the lack of finances.

has advised that in contacts at Winston-Salem and Greensboro, North Carolina, there was some interest in the convention. However, ne one apparently has an invitation and ERIC PATRICK BROWN, the self-described area captain for Greensboro, is presently

It is noted that there are no known chartered Black Panther Party groups in North Carolina at the present time. Therefore, it is unlikely that any group will receive a specific invitation; however, Charlotte will remain alert to any developments and keep the Bureau and San Francisco advised.

105-165706-8-47

(2)- Bureau

THG: dmb

2 - San Francisco (157-3872) X-115

2 - Charlotte

REC-53

RACIAL WAS

(6)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



'Rev. 5-22-64) Mr. DeLoach. Mr. Mohr .... Mr. Bishop . Mr. Casper ... Mr. Callahan ..... Mr. Conrad. Mr. Felt. Date: Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel Transmit the following in Mr. Trotter. AIR MAIL (REGISTERED) ##オーン 著 AIRTEL ② Tale. Room. Miss Holmes. Miss Gandy. DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 8) SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-2861) SUBJECT: BLACK PANTHER PARTY - CHARLOTTE DIVISION RM - BPP The following information was furnished by a highly confidential source whose information should not be disseminated without adequate paraphrasing, on 6/17/69: An unidentified man in the North Carolina area advised that he was sending a report to the Distribution Office of the newspaper as to what was going on down there. The man claimed that they had found some informants in the group, " and also JOSE GONZALVEZ, from Conn., had been down there but the caller claimed that he had ostracized him and told him to stay away. The caller last saw GONZALVEZ in Fayetteville. The caller also said that they still had some papers on hand. g Right of Market garden are the The above is furnished to Charlotte to give them the current information on BPP activities in that Division. (2) - Bureau REC- 24 105-165706-8-41 2 - Charlotte 1 - San Francisco WAC/pae IR JUN 27 1989 | Special Agent in Charge\*

6/10/69 Date:

Transmit the following in .

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TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706)

SAC. CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

RM

Re Charlotte airtel to the Bureau dated 5/29/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies each of a complaint and summons issued 6/6/69 in USDC, WDNC.

On 6/9/69, SA L. DEAN PAARMANN of the Charlotte Office of the FBI was served with a summons by a Deputy United States Marshal indicating that he had been named as one of the defendants in a civil action filed on 6/6/69with the Clerk of USDC. WDNC.

'This complaint and motion for temporary restitution order and a motion of preliminary injunction alleged that SA PAARMANN participated in a raid along with 40 other aw enforcement officers at a residence in Charlotte, N. C., on 5/27/69.

The Bureau was afforded affidavit executed by SA PAARMANN on 5/29/69 categorically denying any such participation.

It should be noted that the plaintiff in this matter specifically named representatives of the FBI; Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the U.S. Tressury Department; a Special Agent of the N. C. State Bureau of Investigation; the chief and members of the Mecklenburg Co., N. C., PD; and the chief and certain members of the Charlotte, N. C., PD.

As a result of this action, a meeting was held on the afternoon of 6/9/69 with USA JAMES O. ISRAEL, JR., WDNC, Asheville, N. C., and representatives of the defendants in this matter. matter.

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- Charlotte LDP:bjt

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Per.

Special Agent in Charge

Approved:

Date:

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Via

(Priority)

CE 157-6171

Mr. ISRAEL advised that he intended to telephonically contact the U. S. Department of Justice in Washington for any assistance they could offer and also to personally contact the legal counsel for the IRS in Atlanta, Ga.; the AG for the State of North Carolina; and the Mecklenburg County and Charlotte City attorneys.

Mr. ISRAEL indicated some concernaregarding this complaint because of the possibility that U. S. District Court Judge JAMES P. MC MILLAN appears to have been in contact with the plaintiffs' attorney several times within the past week.

The plaintiffs' attorney, Mr. GEORGE S. DALY, local ACLU lawyer, is well known in the Charlotte area for his representation of a group of hippie-type individuals who have been involved in certain local violations and who were successful in obtaining a restraining order against so-called police harrassment.

4. EC.D & 341

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
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	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
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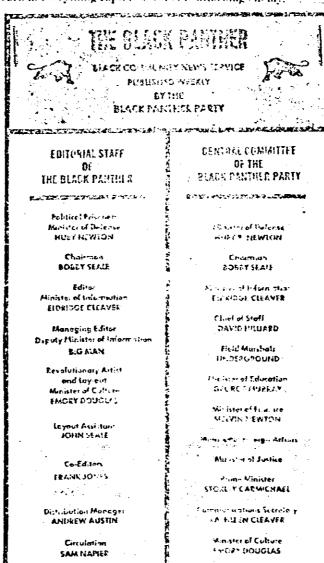
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- 1) Speak politely.
- 2) Pay fairly for what you have
- 3) Return everything you torzon.
- 4) Pay for anything you damage.
- S) Do not hit or swear at people.
- 6) Do not damage property or crops of the poor, oppressed masses
- 7) Do not take liberties with noon n.
- 8) If we ever have to take captives do not ill freplithen.

### 3 MAIN SULES OF DISCIPLINE

It Obey orders in all your actions

- 2) Do not take a single needle or a piece of thread from the poor and S oppressed masses.
- 4) Turn in everything captured from the affecting enemy.



The editorial and production cost of the BLACK PANTHER Newspaper have increased considerably. We would like to continue increasing weekly circulation and our national and international news coverage. To do this we aced just sid. Please send as nows items, general intermation, and contributions field us distribute and get new entworigious to The Blank fronthis newspaper, Submit to:

BLACK PANTELSE TIENVSPAPER 3106 SHATTUCE AVE. BERKELEY, CALIF.

5. We want educa: a for our people that exposes the true nature of this decadent American society. We want education that teaches us our true history and our role in the present day society.

We believe in an educational system that will give to our people a knowledge of self. If a man does not have knowledge of himself and his position in society and the world, then he has litt that the relate to mything clse.

6. We want all black men to be exempt from military service.

We believe that Black people should not be bound to fight in the inflitary service to defend a racist government that does not protect us. We will not fight and kill other people of color in the world who, like back people, are being victimized by the white creast government of America. We will protect ourselves from the force and victorice of the racist police and the racist military, by whatever means makes any.

7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and MURDER of black people.

We believe we can end police brutain in our black community by or ganizing black self-defense groups that are dedicated to defending our black community from racist police opposition and brutality. The Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States gives a right to hear arms. We therefore believe that all black people should arm themselves for self-defense.

8. We want freedom for all black men held in lederal, state a unity and city prisons and jails.

We believe that all black people should be released from the many jails and prisons because they have not received a fair and impartial trial.

9. We want all black people when brought to trial to be tried in court by a jury of their peer group or people from their black communities, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.

We believe that the courts should follow the United States Constitution so that black people will receive fair trials. The 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a similar economic, social, religious, geographical, environmental, historical and racial background. To do this the court will be forced to select a jury from the black community from which the black defendant came. We have been, and are being tried by all-white juries that have no understanding of the "average reasoning man" of the black community.

10. We want land, bread, housing, education, clothing, justice and peace. And as our major political objective, a United Nations-supervised plebiscite to be held throughout the black colony in which only black colonial subjects will be allowed to participate, for the purpose of determining the will of black people as to their national destiny.

When, in the course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which these connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain analienable rights: that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to after or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safely and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will digitate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves in abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and unsurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism. It is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security.

### RULES OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY

## CENTRAL HEADOUARTERS OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA..

Every member of the BLACK PANEHER PARTY throughout this country of racist America most ahide by these rules as functional members of this party. CENERAL COMMITTEE members. CENERAL STAFFS, and LOCAL STAFFS, including all captains subordinate to either national, state, and local leadership of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY will enforce these rules, Length of sospension or other disciplinary action necessary for violation of these rules will depend on national decisions by national, state or state area, and local committees and staffs where said rule or rules of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY WERE VIOLATED.

Every member of the party must know these verbatum by heart. And apply them delly fach are order to be troped any violation of they rules to their leadership or they are counter-revolutionary and are also subjected to suspension by the BLACK PANTHER PARTY.

#### THE RULES ARE:

- 1. No party member can have narcotics or weed in his possession white doing party work,
- 2. Any purty member found shooting nurcoties will be expelled from this purty.
  - 3. No party member can be DRUNK while doing daily party work.
- 4. No purty member will violate rules relating to office work, general meetings of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY, and meetings of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY ANYWHERE.
- 5. No party member will USE, POINT, or FIRE a weapon of any kind unnecessarily or accidentally at anyone.
- 6. No purty member can join any other army force other than the BLACK LIBERATION ARMY.
- 7. No party member can have a weapon in his possession while DRUNK or loaded off narcotics or weed.
- 8. No party member will commit any crimes against other party members or BLACK people at all, and cannot steal or take from the people, not even a needle or a piece of thread.
- 9. When arrested BLACK PANTHER MEMBERS will give only name, address, and will sign nothing. Legal first aid must be understood
- 10. The Ten Point Program and platform of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY must be known and understood by each Party member.
  - 11. Party Communications must be National and Local.
- 12. The 18-19-to-program should is known by all members and also understood by all members.
- 13. All Finance officers will operate under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Pinance
  - 14. Each person will submit a report of daily work
- 15. Each Sub-Section Leader Section Leader, facutement, and Captain must submit Daily reports of work.
- 16. All Panthers must learn to operate and service weapons correctly.
- 17. All Leadership personnel who expel a member must submit this information to the Editor of the Newspaper, so that it will be published in the paper and will be known by all chapters and branches.
- 18. Political Education Classes are mandatory for general member-
- 19. Only office personnel assigned to respective offices each day should be there. All others are to will papers and do Political work out in the community, including Captains, Section Leaders, etc.
- 20. COMMUNICATIONS all chapters must submit weekly reports in writing to the National Hendquarters.
- 21. All Branches must implement First Aid and/or Medical Cadres.

  22. All Chapters, Branches, and components of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY must submit a monthly Financial Report to the Minis-
- try of Finance, and also the Central Committee.

  23. Everyone in a leadership position must read no less than two hours per day to keep abreast of the changing political situation.
- 24. No chapter or branch shall accept grants, poserty funds, money or any other aid from any government agency without confacting the National Headquarters.
- 25. All chapters must adhere to the policy and the ideology land down by the CENTRAL COMMITTEE of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY.
- 26. All Branches must submit weekly reports in writing to their respective Compters.

1. We want treedom. We want power to determine the destiny of our Black Community.

We believe that black people will not be free until we are able to determine our destiny.



### FREE HUEY

Minister of Defense, Black Panther Party

2. We want full employment for our people.

We believe that the federal government is responsible and obligated to give every man employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that if the white American businessmen will not give full employment, then the means of production should be taken from the businessmen and placed in the community so that the people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living

3. We want an end to the robbery by the white man of our Black Com-

The believe that this racist government has robbed us and now we are remanding the overdue debt of forty acres and two mules. Forty acres and two mules was promised 100 years and as restitution for slave labor and mass murder of black people. We will accept the payment in currency which will be distributed to our many communities. The Germans are now aiding the Jews in Israel for the genocide of the Jewish people. The Germans murdered six million Jews. The American racist has taken part in the slaughter of over fifty million black people; therefore, we feel that this is a modest demand that we make.

4. We want decent housing, fit for shelter of human beings.

We believe that if the white haddlords will not give decent housing to our black community, then the housing and the land should be made into cooperatives so that our community, with government aid, can build and make decent housing for its people.

June 16, 1969

Attorney General Internal Security Division

Director, FBI

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to our letter dated June 4, 1969, in which it was set forth that Special Agent L. Dean Paarmann of the Charlotte, North Carolina, Division of this Bureau denied that he had in any way participated in the arrests of the clients represented by Attorney George S. Daly. The other allegations made by Attorney Daly against Special Agent Paarman were also denied.

Enclosed herewith for your information is one copy each of a complaint and summons issued on June 6, 1969, in the United States District Court, Western District of North Carolinal In this regard, on June 9, 1969, Special Agent Paarmann was served with the summons by a Deputy United States Marshal inasmuch as Special Agent Paarmann had been named as one of the defendants in a civil action filed on June 6, 1969, with the Clerk of the United States District Court.

Following the receipt of the above-mentioned summons, a meeting was held on the afternoon of June 9, 1969, with United States Attorney James O. Israel, Jr., Western District of North Carolina at Asheville, North Carolina. During this meeting, Mr. Israel advised that it was his intention to telephonically contact a representative of the Justice Department in Washington, D. C., for assistance concerning this matter.

Enclosures - 2

l - Assistant Attorney General (Enclosures 4

Criminal Division

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1969 ELETYPE UNIT

The Assistant Attorneys General of the Internal Scou Sapprised by Te

llegations :

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

#### NOTE CONTINUED:

by Attorney at Law, George S. Daly on 5/28/69 that he desired to lodge a complaint concerning the FBI's involvement in an illegal search of the residence of his clients at Charlotte, North Carolina, which took place on 5/27/69. He also complained that the FBI had kept this residence under surveillance and that Special Agent Paarmann had been specifically involved in the arrests of his clients. Attorney Daly was informed that the FBI took no part in the raid, in the arrests or in the search of the residence. He was also informed that the FBI had not participated in a surveillance of this residence. He ignored these explanations and stated his intention to obtain a court order restraining law enforcement agencies, including the FBI, from harassing his clients. Daly obtained these court orders on 6/6/69 and SA Paarmann was served with a summons on 6/9/69 calling for an answer to the complaint within 20 days. Matter discussed with local U.S. Attorney; to contact the Justice Department. A copy of the complaint and summons being furnished to the Justice Department.



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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A CONTRACTOR AND	FROM:	SAC, <u>CHARLOTTE</u> (157-6171)	
		OBLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) RM (BREAKFAST FOR CHILDREN PROGRAM)	
		(BUDED 6/16/69)	
		Re Director's airtel, 5/15/69.	
	for Chi	Although organization activities have be sed by the BPP within the Charlotte Division ation has been received from sources that a aldren Program is in operation. There are n red groups of the BPP within North Carolina	, no Breakfast
	a chart Program	Charlotte will remain alert to the BPP of er and/or instituting a Breakfast for Child and the Bureau will be immediatel advised.	
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)	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub. 8)	
$\omega$	FROM:	SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-2861) (P)	
<u>,                                     </u>	SUBJECT:	BLACK PANTHER PARTY - CHARLOTTE DIVISION RM - BPP	
	informati	on 5/26/69 furnished thion:	ne following
	at the BI SEALE was with the	from the State of No address not given, talked to one of PP Headquarters after he found that s not available. Said that Community Development Demonstration lif.) The secretary at Headquarters	the secretaries Chairman BOBBY he formerly worked in Richmond (believe was able to find
•	Charlotte to be BP be expose in the so	ed. said that he was direct outhern states and he wanted to exposinstructed to hold a press	some "dudes" in ions and claiming were "mad" and should tor of welfare rights ose these people.  conference and "ex-
•	problem. to send a to expose he made of	se fools before they lead the people requested Headquarters to send some said that they did not he at this time.  The "these cats" and would call out.  Said that he had already these rools, as he called them, of these rools, as he called them, or said it was not time to	e to destruction".  one to deal with this  ave anyone available  would then attempt  back as to how  cady received other  carrying on in North  "off" them but it was
	3 - 3an 1	au (RM) lotte (157-6171) (RMREC-116 /05-6 Francisco	165706-8-37
	WAC:mam (7)		
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SF 157-2861 WAC:mam

time to expose them. Said that should have joined the BPP before he left Calif. as he would now understand the situation confronting him. Then went on to say that he was reluctant to expose these cats" because of his efforts to enlist the black people of the south in his welfare rights campaign. The above information is sent for the information of Charlotte to indicate that an indicidual named is interested in the BPP activities taking place in the Charlotte area. The information of this source should not be disseminated without adequate parapharsing.